Corporate Issuer CIK: 1714368

(Translation of registrant’s name into English)

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

[redacted]

99.1	Hudson Ltd. Interim Report (unaudited) for the three months ended 31 March 2019

Hudson Group adopted the new lease accounting standard as of January 1, 2019 and did not restate the 2018 figures, in accordance with the modified retrospective approach permitted by the standard.

Following the adoption of IFRS 16, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the consolidated statements of financial position, include now line items more representative of our operating activities and current IFRS expressions.

The company adopted the new lease accounting standard as of January 1, 2019 and did not restate the 2018 figures, in accordance with the modified retrospective approach permitted by the standard.

Following the adoption of IFRS 16, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the consolidated statements of financial position, including certain new line items that are more representative of our operating activities and to comply with the requirements of the new lease standard.

Income tax benefit for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 amounted to $8.1 million compared to $2.4 million for the same period last year. The main components of this change were (i) an increase of pretax losses of $6.7 million (but only the portion attributable to shareholders of the parent), (ii) projected unfavorable adjustments for the Base Erosion Anti Avoidance Tax ("BEAT") and (iii) nondeductible compensation. The total tax benefit for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 consisted of a $2.5 million current income tax expense incurred primarily in connection with our Canadian operations of $1.3 million and the BEAT of $0.9 million offset by $10.6 million in deferred tax benefits principally due to net losses before taxes from our U.S. operations.

Our primary funding sources historically have included cash from operations, and financial debt arrangements with Dufry. The balance outstanding on our long-term debt obligations with Dufry at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was $493.7 million and $492.6 million, respectively.

We believe existing cash balances, operating cash flows and our long-term financing arrangements with Dufry will provide us with adequate funds to support our current operating plan, make planned capital expenditures and fulfill our debt service requirements for the foreseeable future.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our working capital, we could face substantial liquidity problems and may be forced to reduce or delay investments and capital expenditures. We do not anticipate entering into additional third-party credit facilities for our working capital, and expect any future working capital requirements to be funded by Dufry. As a result, our financing arrangements and Iȯati I D m may b

at March 31, 2019

ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		235.3	243.0
Right-of-use assets*	13	1,048.5	–
Intangible assets		291.9	301.6
Goodwill		319.2	315.0
Investments in associates			

for the 3 month period ended March 31, 2019 for the 3 month period ended March 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
ADJUSTMENTS FOR		
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	77.5	28.8
Loss / (gain) on sale of non-current assets	0.1	0.7
Increase / (decrease) in allowances and provisions	2.4	3.9
Loss / (gain) on foreign exchange differences	(0.3)	0.5
Other non-cash items	1.8	2.4
Share of result of associates	(0.2)	(0.1)
Interest income	(0.9)	(0.5)
Finance costs	19.9	7.9
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other accounts receivable	(3.5)	12.7
Decrease / (increase) in inventories	(3.9)	0.8
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other accounts payable	14.4	(3.1)

Hudson Ltd. and its subsidiaries (“Hudson”, “Hudson Group” or the "Group") are Travel Retailers specialized in Duty Paid and Duty Free markets operating 1,012 stores in 88 locations throughout the continental United States and Canada.

Hudson Ltd., the parent company which is an exempt company limited by shares, was incorporated on May 30, 2017 in Hamilton, Bermuda with registered office at 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. Our Class A common shares began trading on the New York Stock Exchange on February 1, 2018, under the ticker symbol “HUD”. Hudson Ltd. is controlled by a subsidiary of Dufry AG (Dufry), the world’s leading Travel Retail Company headquartered in Basel, Switzerland.

2.1 BASIS OF PREdson mr

2.2 NEW STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME PRESENTATION LAYOUT

Hudson adopted the new lease accounting standard as of January 1, 2019 and did not restate the 2018 figures, in accordance with the modified retrospective approach permitted by the standard.

Following the adoption of IFRS 16, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income include now line items more representative of our operating activities and current IFRS expressions. The following table reflects the reclassification within the new chart of accounts for the 3 months period ended March 31, 2018.

Turnover		426.8	–	426.8
Cost of sales		(158.8)	–	(158.8)
				% >aeTĐ à

IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17 and sets the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation of leases, specifying the requirements for disclosures of lessees or lessors more extensive than under IAS 17. The main difference in the Group's financial statements is the recognition of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for lease contracts.

To contain a lease, an agreement has to convey the right to control the use of an identified asset throughout the period of use in exchange for consideration. The customer has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the identified asset and direct the use of the identified asset (i. e. direct how and for what purpose the asset is used). The lease term corresponds to the non-cancellable period of each contract, except in cases where the Group is reasonably certain of exercising renewal options contractually foreseen. Right-of-use assets are generally capitalized at a value equivalad [illegible]

Hudson consists of one operating segment “Travel Retail Operations” for which reports are submitted to the Group Executive Committee, being the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). These reports form the basis for the evaluation of performance and allocation of resources.

Hudson generates net sales from selling a wide range of products in its duty-paid and duty-free stores that are mainly located at airports, commuter terminals, hotels, landmarks and other tourist destinations. Refer to note 3 for a split of net sales by product category, market sector and sales channel.

US	352.6	331.5
Canada	82.0	83.5

EXPENSES ON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Interest on loans	(7.2)	(7.5)
Interest on bank instruments	-	(0.1)
Interest on lease obligations	(11.9)	-
Other financial expenses	(0.8)	(0.1)
EXPENSES ON NON-FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Interest expense	-	(0.2)

Current income taxes	(2.5)	(2.1)
Deferred income taxes	10.6	4.5